

Material Safety Data Sheet



VICTORY

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Trade name : VICTORY
Product use : Sanitizer.
Supplier : Ecolab Inc. Institutional Division
370 N. Wabasha Street
St. Paul, MN 55102
1-800-352-5326
Code : 984484-04
Date of issue : **05-May-2009**
EPA Registration No. : 1677-186

EMERGENCY HEALTH INFORMATION: 1-800-328-0026
Outside United States and Canada CALL 1-651-222-5352 (in USA)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Physical state : Liquid. [Liquid.]
Emergency overview : DANGER !

CAUSES DIGESTIVE TRACT, EYE AND SKIN BURNS.
HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED.
CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION.
OXIDIZER.
CONTACT WITH OTHER MATERIAL MAY CAUSE FIRE.

Do not ingest. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Avoid breathing vapors, spray or mists. Keep only in the original container. Avoid contact with combustible materials. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Decomposes on heating. Keep container closed. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Potential acute health effects

Eyes : Corrosive to eyes.
Skin : Corrosive to the skin.
Inhalation : Severely irritating to the respiratory system.
Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed. Causes burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

See toxicological information (section 11)

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>% by weight</u>
ACETIC ACID	64-19-7	31
peracetic acid	79-21-0	15.2
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE	7722-84-1	11.2

Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with cool running water. Remove contact lenses and continue flushing with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention immediately. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Inhalation : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If exposed person is not breathing, give artificial respiration or oxygen applied by trained personnel. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion : If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Flash point : 96.1111 °C (Closed cup)
Product does not support combustion.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide

Fire-fighting media and instructions : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Dike area of fire to prevent runoff.
Contact with combustible material may cause fire. This material increases the risk of fire and may aid combustion. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use suitable protective equipment. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for cleaning up : If emergency personnel are unavailable, contain spilled material. For small spills, add absorbent (soil may be used in the absence of other suitable materials), scoop up material and place in a sealable, liquid-proof container for disposal. For small spills, add absorbent (soil may be used in the absence of other suitable materials) and use a non-sparking or explosion-proof means to transfer material to a sealable, appropriate container for disposal. For large spills, dike spilled material or otherwise contain it to ensure runoff does not reach a waterway. Place spilled material in an appropriate container for disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Handling : Do not ingest. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapor or spray. Avoid contact with combustible materials. Keep container closed. Keep only in the original container. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not mix with bleach or other chlorinated products – will cause chlorine gas.

Storage : Keep out of reach of children. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. Separate from reducing agents and combustible materials.
Store between the following temperatures: -10 and 50°C

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Engineering measures : Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. Provide suitable facilities for quick drenching or flushing of the eyes and body in case of contact or splash hazard.

Personal protection :

Eyes : Use chemical splash goggles. For continued or severe exposure wear a face shield over the goggles.

Hands : Use chemical-resistant, impervious gloves.

Skin : Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory : Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate and occupational exposure limits are exceeded.

Name

ACETIC ACID

Exposure limits**ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2008).**STEL: 37 mg/m³ 15 minute(s).

STEL: 15 ppm 15 minute(s).

TWA: 25 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).

TWA: 10 ppm 8 hour(s).

OSHA PEL (United States, 11/2006).TWA: 25 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).

TWA: 10 ppm 8 hour(s).

HYDROGEN PEROXIDE

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2008).TWA: 1.4 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).

TWA: 1 ppm 8 hour(s).

OSHA PEL (United States, 11/2006).TWA: 1.4 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).

TWA: 1 ppm 8 hour(s).

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid. [Liquid.]
Color : Colorless.
Odor : Acetic acid.
pH : 1.8 [Conc. (% w/w): 100%]
Boiling/condensation point : >100°C (>212°F)
Relative density : 1.114
Dispersibility properties : Easily dispersible in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability : The product is stable. Decomposes on heating. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.
Reactivity : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: organic materials, metals and alkalis. Do not mix with bleach or other chlorinated products – will cause chlorine gas.
Hazardous decomposition products : Oxygen
Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential acute health effects

Eyes : Corrosive to eyes.
Skin : Corrosive to the skin.
Inhalation : Severely irritating to the respiratory system.
Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed. Causes burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Potential chronic health effects

Target organs : Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: upper respiratory tract, teeth.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity data : Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Waste classification : Unused product is D002 (Corrosive)
Unused product is D001 (Ignitable)

Consult your local or regional authorities.

Section 14. Transport information

Certain shipping modes or package sizes may have exceptions from the transport regulations. The classification provided may not reflect those exceptions and may not apply to all shipping modes or package sizes.

UN Classification

UN number	UN3109
Proper shipping name	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID (Peroxyacetic acid, Type F, stabilized)
Class	5.2 (8)
Packing group	-

See shipping documents for specific transportation information.

Section 15. Regulatory information

HCS Classification : Oxidizing material
Corrosive material
Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations

TSCA 8(b) inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

EPA Registration No. : 1677-186

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: Peroxyacetic acid

SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: Peroxyacetic acid

SARA 313

Form R - Reporting requirements

Product name

: peracetic acid

CAS number

79-21-0

Concentration

15.2

California Prop. 65 : No products were found.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.) :

Health	*	3
Flammability		0
Physical hazards		1

Date of issue : 05-May-2009.

Responsible name : Regulatory Affairs

Date of previous issue : 20-July-2006.

Section 16. Other information

Notice to reader

The above information is believed to be correct with respect to the formula used to manufacture the product in the country of origin. As data, standards, and regulations change, and conditions of use and handling are beyond our control, **NO WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, IS MADE AS TO THE COMPLETENESS OR CONTINUING ACCURACY OF THIS INFORMATION.**